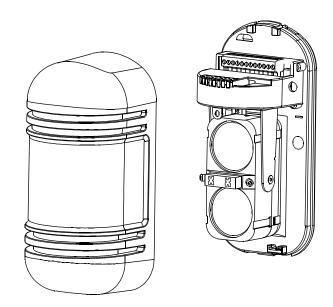
### **ABT 2 BEAMS ACTIVE PHOTOELECTRIC DETECTOR** WITH DIGITAL FREQUENCY CONVERSION

# **INSTALLATION GUIDE**

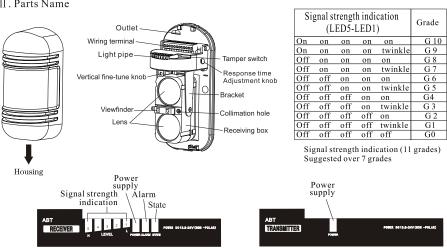


P/N 20130117-1

### I. Technical parameters:

Model		ABT-20	ABT-30	ABT-40	ABT-60	ABT-80	ABT-100
Alert distance	Outdoor	20m	30m	40m	60m	80m	100m
	Indoor	60m	90m	120m	180m	240m	300m
No. of beams		2 beams					
Detection mode		2 beams blocked simultaneous					
Optical source		Infrared digital pulse beam					
Response speed 50-240ms							
Alarm output		Relay contact output: NO. NC contact rating: AC/DC30V 30AMax					
Power supply		DC13.8-24V 15W					
Operation temperature & humidity		-25-55 ℃ 5-95%RH (relative humidity)					
Dimensions		Refer to its diagram					
Tamper output		Contact output: NC contact rating DC24V 0.5Amax					
Optical axis adjustment(H)		180° (±90° )					
Optical axis adjustment(V)		20° (±10° )					
Protection against dew, frost		Calefaction housing (optional)					
Material		PC resin					
Gross		658g(receiver+transmitter)					
Net weight		1150g					

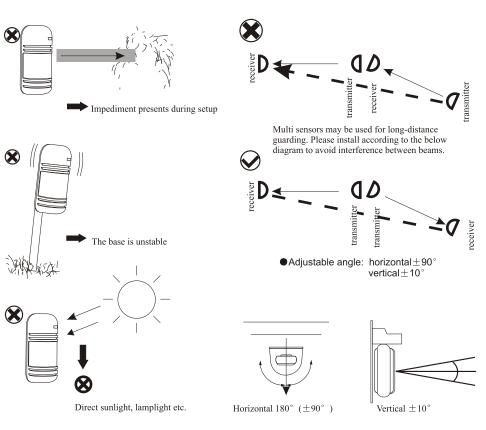
### II . Parts Name

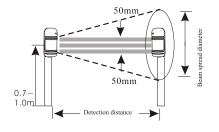


On working mode(non-programming mode), press programming switch, can open or close signal strength indicator. Open signal indicator when adjusting, after that , close indicator for saving power.

Switch Tra/Rec	TRANSMITTER	RECEIVER	
DIP1			
DIP2	Frequency switch		
DIP3		No	
DIP4			
DIP5			
DIP6	No		
DIP7		Frequency switch	
DIP8			

## III. Precautions for setting





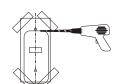
Style	Guarding distance	Beam spread diameter
ABT-20	20m	0.6m
ABT-30	30m	0.7m
ABT-40	40m	1.0m
ABT-60	60m	1.5m
ABT-80	80m	1.8m
ABT-100	100m	2.1m

#### IV .Setting procedure

1.Remove the cover



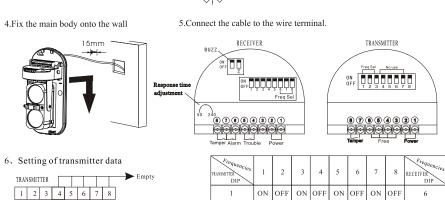
2.Attach the paper stencil onto the location where the equipment is to be mounted, and drill the holes in the positions on its mark.



3.Put the cable through the hole for wiring.



ON ON



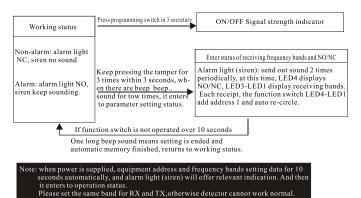
7. Setting of receiver data

 $Receiver adopts \ electronic \ memory \ chip \ to \ store \ data, so \ it \ is \ not \ with \ DIP \ switch. \ Setting \ of \ receiving \ frequency \ and \ NO/NC.$ During operation status, press the tamper switch by 3 times within 3 seconds, when there are two long beep sound, it enters to parameter setting status, in this status, siren and alarm light will send out 1 sounds periodical-ly in order to mention that it is in the part of parameter setting.

OFF ON

OFF OFF OFF

7.1 Status shift diagram

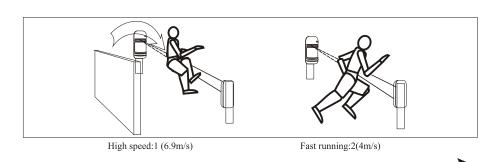


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### VI. Beam response time adjustment



Please see the diagram to adjust the response time of the receiver. Usually, the time set shall be less than the time when the intruder crosses the guarding area.



Fast walking(1.2m/s):3

Normal walking(0.7m/s):4

Slow walking(0.4m/s):5







### VII. Physical test

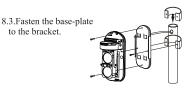
Walking test is required after the setting, physical test in accordance to below diagram.

	State	Signal	
Transmitter	Transmitting	Green LED light up shows transmitting	
Receiver	State LED on, alarm LED off	Normal state	
	State LED off,alarm LED on	Beams are blocked, alarm state	
	State LED on, alarm LED on	Transmitter and receiver are not in same frequency	
	State LED off, alarm LED off	In anti-fog state	

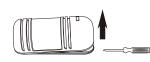
8. Put on the cover after adjusting the response time of the beam.

#### Installation of fixed bracket

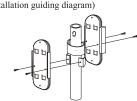
8.1.Drill a hole on the bracket and extend out the cable from it.



8.2.Remove the cover.

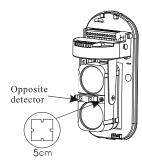


(Back-to-back installation guiding diagram)

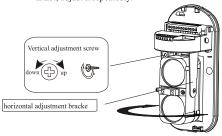


V. Beam alignment

5.1.Observe the collimation effect at a distance of 5cmfrom the collimation hole.



5.2. Adjust the vertical adjustment screw and the horizontal angle adjusting wheel in order that the image of opposite detector falls into the central part of the viewing hole. At this time, the GOOD indicator of receiver shall light up; if not, adjust it repeatedly.



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### IX. Trouble checking

Fault	Cause	Solution
The LED of the transmitter doesn't light up	Power failure (open circuit, short-circuit, etc.)	Check the power wiring
The LED of the receiver doesn't light up	Power failure (open circuit, short-circuit, etc.)	Check the power wiring
The LED of the receiver doesn't light up when the light is blocked	By reflecting, or light from other sources enter the receiver     Both beams are not blocked at the same time     Response time is set too short	Remove the reflecting object or change the direction of beam     Block both beams at the same time     Prolong the response time
The receiver alarm indicator ON after the beam is blocked, but there is NO alarm signal output	1.Broken circuit or short-circuit of the wiring     2.Poor contact	1.Check the wiring and contact 2.Connect the cable
The alarm indicator of the receiver is constantly ON.	The beam doesn't match closely     There is obstacle presents between the transmitter     and the receiver     The cover is polluted.	1.Re-adjust the beam 2.Remove the obstacle 3.Clear the cover
Intermittent alarm signal output	1.Improper wiring 2.The supply voltage does not reach 13V or higher 3.The potential obstacle appears to block the beams due to the effect of wind and rain 4.The installation base unstable 5.The beam coincidence accuracy is inadequate 6.Beams blocked by other moving objects 7.Response time too short 8.Level 5 LED does not light up before the cover is put on	1.Check the wiring 2.Check the supply power 3.Remove the obstacle or change the location 4.Select a site with a stable base 5.Re-adjust the optical axis 6.Adjust the shade time or change the install location 7.Re-adjust the response time 8.Re-adjust the optical axis, and make the signal reception reaches its top.

 $\boldsymbol{X}$  . Recommended installation guide & physical appearance and dimension

